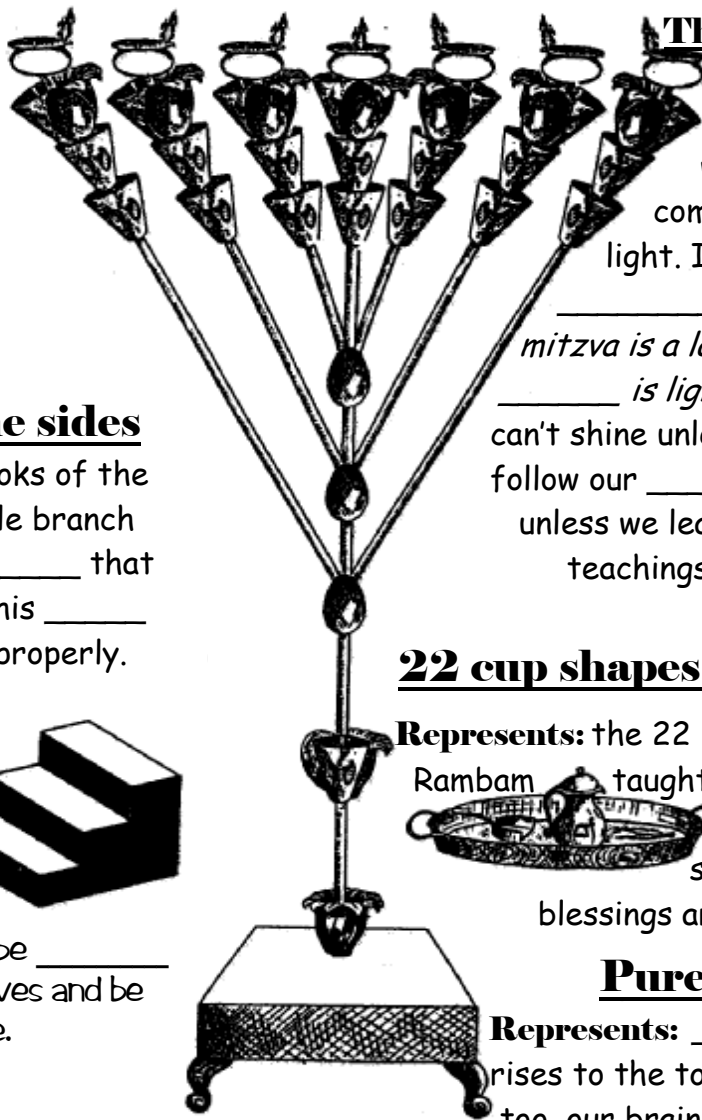


PROFILE:

1. Where in the Mishkan was it?
2. Who lit it?
3. When was it lit? Every
4. What type of oil was used to light it? _____

The Menorah

When G-d instructed _____ about the Menorah, the shape was too difficult for him to remember. So G-d told him to throw a block of gold into a _____, and the Menorah was formed miraculously with its shape complete.



The Menorah Represents:

_____ which is compared to light. In Proverbs, _____ writes: a *mitzva is a lamp, and the _____ is light.* Just as a lamp can't shine unless it is lit, we can't follow our _____ correctly unless we learn them from the teachings of the Torah.



6 branches on the sides

Represents: the six Books of the _____. The middle branch symbolizes the awe of _____ that a person should have in his _____ in order to learn Torah properly.

22 cup shapes on the Menorah

Represents: the 22 letters of the _____. Rambam _____ taught that the cup shapes were inverted, which symbolizes that G-d's blessings are pouring down.



Just as a flame always goes _____, we should always be _____ to improve ourselves and be _____ people.



Pure olive oil

Represents: _____ - Just as oil rises to the top of other _____, so too, our brain is at the top of the body.

IS IT REALLY 2 OPPOSITES?

The Menorah, which represents _____, and the Table, which represents _____, were placed next to each other.

At first glance, they seem to symbolize _____ ideas. So why are they placed next to each other? To teach us that the _____ that we learn has to be applied to our _____ lives, in the everyday physical things we do. This helps to make the world into a dwelling place for _____.

FOOD

TORAH MISHKAN